***WE ARE EUROPE***

More long-lived, healthy and formed, but only a little less poor and unemployed and discriminatory with women. The quality of life of Europeans has taken important steps forward over the last decade in accordance with the report published yesterday by Eurostat, the Community Statistical office, on the 17 indicators on sustainable development that the United Nations has Committed to promote. The best distribution of wealth and the fight against poverty are the big outstanding subjects. The study offers a detailed X-ray of the socioeconomic situation in the EU and confirms the acute and unequal impact of the crisis on the lives of Europeans.

***Quality of life.*** Girls born in 2014 can expect to live 83.6 years and children, 78.1 years, a significant jump on the 2004 (81.5 and 75.4 years respectively). Spain is consolidated as the country of the EU with greater life expectancy for women (86.2 years) and Cyprus, for men (80.9 years). The gender gap is lower if we attend to the number of years of life without health limitations: The expectation is 61.8 years for women and 61.4 years for men. The percentage of people with problems in receiving health care for economic reasons is 2.4%, compared to 2.1% ten years ago. The crisis has erased the progress made until 2009. Imperceptible in Spain, the phenomenon affects 10% of the Greeks and Latvians, and 8% of the Bulgarians.